COAL COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ACCOMPANYING INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S COMPILATION REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

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VICE-CHAIRMAN – LARRY COMETTI

SECRETARY/TREASURER – JOHNNIE BELLETINI

MEMBER – JIM CARTER

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Certified Public Accountant

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S COMPILATION REPORT

The Board of Directors
Coal County Conservation District

I have compiled the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Coal County Conservation District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the accompanying table of contents. I have not audited or reviewed the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, do not express an opinion or provide any assurance about whether the financial statements are in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting.

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting and for designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements.

My responsibility is to conduct the compilation in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The objective of a compilation is to assist management in presenting financial information in the form of financial statements without undertaking to obtain or provide any assurance that there are no material modifications that should be made to the financial statements.

Pauls Valley, OK

October 7, 2013

Statement 1

COAL COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2013

ASSETS

ASSETS	
Cash	\$55,713
Investments	297,147
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	455,532
Total Assets	808,392
LIABILITIES	
Lease deposit	500
Total Liabilities	500
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	455,532
Unrestricted	352,360
Total Net Assets	\$807,892

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

COAL COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013

				Net(Expense) Revenue and Changes
		Program Revenues		in Net Assets
	•		Operating	Primary Government
		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities
Primary Government:				
Governmental activities:				
General Government	\$98,979	\$56,192		(\$42,787)
	General revenues:			
	Intergovernmental r	evenue restricted		
	to specific progra	ms		67,739
	Investment income			901
	Miscellaneous inco	me		102,954
	Change in	net assets		128,808
	Net assets as adjust	ed - beginning		679,084
	Net assets - ending			\$807,892

COAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE CASH BASIS - GENERAL FUND

June 30, 2013

ASSETS

ASSETS	
Current Assets: Cash Investments	\$55,713 297,147
Total Assets	352,860
LIADULTIES	
Liabilities:	
Lease deposit	500 500
FUND BALANCE	
Fund Balance Unassigned	352,360
Total Fund Balance	352,360
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Assets: Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities of \$517,381, net of accumulated depreciation of \$61,850 are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	455,532
	\$807,892

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

COAL COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS

For the year ended June 30, 2013

Revenues:	
Reimbursements from Oklahoma Conservation Commission:	
Salaries and payroll taxes	\$61,014
Audit	800
Supplies	419
Telephone	1,223
Directors expense	1,192
Operating and maintenance	3,091
Total Reimbursements from Oklahoma Conservation Commission	67,739
Lease income	7,165
Custom work & equipment rental	13,267
Rental income-land, house, building	35,760
Miscellaneous income	102,954
Sale of building	
Interest	901
Total Revenues	227,787
Expenditures:	
Salaries and payroll taxes	67,312
Board and meeting expense	1,909
Automobile expenses	2,279
Dues and education	1,503
Insurance and bonds	3,678
Legal and accounting	1,450
Repairs and maintenance	4,282
Retirement & insurance	1,180
Office expense	2,754
Telephone	1,303
Building utilities	3,147
Capital outlay	0
Capital outlay	0
Total Expenditures	90,798
Revenues over expenditures	136,989
Fund Balance - beginning of year	215,371
Fund Balance - end of year	352,360
Net change in fund balance	136,989
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Depreciation expense Sale of asset - difference in sales price and gain	(8,181)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$128,808

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- A. Financial Reporting Entity
- B. Basis of Presentation
- C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting
- D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity
- E. Revenues and Expenditures
- F. Use of Estimates
- G. Differences from GAAP

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Deposits and Investments Laws and Regulations

NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES - TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

- A. Cash
- B. Capital Assets

NOTE 4. OTHER NOTES

- A. Employee Pension and Other Benefits
- B. Commitments and Contingencies
- C. Subsequent Events

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Except for the use of a modified cash basis of accounting as discussed in Note 1.C., the District complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

1.A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

Coal County Conservation District was established pursuant to Title 82 of Oklahoma State Law. The purpose of the District is to provide for the conservation of the renewable natural resources of this state, and for the control and prevention of soil erosion, and for the prevention of floodwater and sediment damages, and for furthering the conservation, development, utilization and disposal of water and thereby to preserve and develop natural resources, control floods, conserve and develop water resources and water quality, prevent impairment of dams and reservoirs, preserve wildlife, preserve natural beauty, promote recreational development, protect the tax base, protect public lands and protect and promote the health, safety and general welfare of the people of this state.

The accompanying financial statements include all functions and activities over which the Conservation District exercises financial accountability. The District is considered a primary government as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and has no other component units within its reporting entity.

1.B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The Coal County Conservation District has no business-type activities as of June 30, 2013.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The District presently has no proprietary funds. The District is considered a governmental entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). There is only one fund, which is the General Fund.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

1.C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within each fund type. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

COAL COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities the governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item a. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net assets/fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

If the District utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the governmental fund types would use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Modified Accrual Basis - Revenues would be recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough hereafter to pay current liabilities.

Expenditures (including capital outlay) would be recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which would be reported when due.

1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

Cash

For the purpose of the balance sheet, "cash" includes all demand accounts held by the District.

Investments

Investments consist of certificates of deposit whose original maturity term exceeds three months and are carried at cost.

Accounts Receivable

As a result of the modified cash basis of accounting, accounts receivable and other revenue related receivables are not reported in the financial statements.

Capital Assets

Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for as assets in the Statement of Net Assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable. The District has determined that all assets with a cost of more than \$1,000 will be capitalized. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation.

COAL COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

Net Assets and Fund Balance

In the government-wide financial statement, net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature of normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws or other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes verses availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are *not in spendable form*, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amounts in the spendable fund balance category are further classified as restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned, as appropriate.

Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment.

Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are intended to be used specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances includes all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that intended to be used for specific purpose in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

1.E. REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES

Reimbursements

The District receives reimbursements from the Oklahoma Conservation Commission (OCC). The funds for operation of the OCC and the conservation districts are appropriated annually by the legislature for the Commission to allocate to each district on a reimbursable basis. The funding is broken down into the following program areas:

- Administration
- Watershed Planning and Archeology
- Field Services
- Small Watersheds Flood Control Fund
- Abandoned Mine Land (AML) Reclamation Program
- Water Quality Management

COAL COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013

Program Revenues

In the Statement of Activities, revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the District's reimbursements are reported as program revenues. The District has the following program revenues in each activity:

General Government: Rental of equipment and property and water sales.

All other governmental revenues are reported as general.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are reported on the modified cash basis and are classified by function or activity for governmental activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified by category.

1.F. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the other comprehensive basis of accounting used by the District requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

1.G. DIFFERENCES FROM GAAP

Basis of Accounting

As discussed in Note 1.C., the District reports both the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

2.A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS LAWS AND REGULATIONS

In accordance with O.S. Title 62, Section 516.3, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds and other political subdivisions in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at the lower of market or par. The District's deposits were properly insured by FDIC Insurance carried by depository banks.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES - TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

3.A. CASH

Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2013, the District held deposits of approximately \$352,860 at financial institutions. The District's cash deposits, including the interest-bearing certificates of deposit, are entirely covered by the Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligation of the U.S. Government insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

Investment Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits the investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Investment Credit Risk

The District has no policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposits or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with instate financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bonds or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality, or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligation of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs (a.-d.).

The investments held at June 30, 2013 are as follows:

	Weighted			
	Average			
	Maturity	Credit	Market	
Type	(Months)	Rating	Value	Cost
Investments				
Certificates of deposit	7.00	N/A	\$297,147	\$297,147
Total Investments			\$297,147	\$297,147

3.B. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity resulting from modified cash basis transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

	Balance at			Balance at	
	July 1, 2012	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2013	
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	245,694			245,694	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	202,263			202,263	
Machinery and Equipment	69,425			69,425	
Total capital assets at historical cost:	517,382			517,382	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	5,275	5,276		10,551	
Machinery and Equipment	48,394	2,905		51,299	
Total accumulated depreciation:	53,669	8,181		61,850	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$463,713	10,686	-0-	\$455,532	

COAL COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - OTHER NOTES

4.A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFITS

The District participates in one employee pension system as follows:

Name of Plan/System

Type of Plan

Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan

Cost Sharing Multiple Employer -Defined Benefit Plan

Oklahoma Public Employees' Pension and Retirement System

The Oklahoma Conservation Commission, as the employer, participates in one statewide cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit plan on behalf of the employees working at least 1,000 hours per month. The system is funded by contributions from participants, employers, insurance premium taxes, and state appropriations, as necessary.

The following is a summary of eligibility factors, contribution methods, and benefit provisions.

Obtaining separately issued financial

statements

Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System

6601 N. Broadway, Suite 129 Oklahoma City, OK 73116

Eligibility to participate

All full-time permanent employees of a participating

local government

Authority establishing contribution

obligations and benefits

State Statute

Employee's contribution rate (percent

of covered payroll)

3.5%

Commission's Contribution rate

(percent of covered payroll)

16.5%

State obligation

State appropriation to fund the unfunded actuarial

accrued liability

Period required to vest

71/2 years, of which 6 must be fulltime service

Eligibility and benefits for distribution

(full-time)

2% of the average highest 3 years' annual covered compensation received during the last 10 years of participating service multiplied by the number of

years of credited service.

Deferred retirement option

No

Provisions for:

Cost of living adjustments (normal retirement)

Yes

Death (duty, non-duty, post

retirement)

Yes

Disability (duty, non-duty)

Yes

Cost of living allowances

No

Trend Information

Contributions required by State Statute and paid to the System for fiscal years 2011, 2012 and 2013 were \$8,230, \$9,399 and \$9,821 respectively. These contributions represent 100% of the required contribution in each fiscal year.

Related Party Investments

As of June 30, 2013, the System held no related-party investments of the District.

4.B. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

The District's commitment for accrued compensated absences at June 30, 2013 was \$5,733.

The District owns 715 acres of land purchased with Oklahoma Conservation Commission (OCC) Revolving Fund monies in the early 1970's for approximately \$200,000. In the event the land in sold, the District has a commitment to reimburse the OCC Revolving Fund.

Contingencies:

The District is not involved with any legal proceedings, which normally occur in the course of governmental operations at this time. Therefore, the financial statements do not include accruals or provisions for loss contingencies.

While legal proceedings cannot be foreseen, the District feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance carried by the Commission would not have a material effect on the financial condition of the District.

4.C. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 7, 2013.